[Translation of the Corporate Governance Report filed with the Tokyo Stock Exchange on December 15, 2021]

This document is a translation of the Japanese language original prepared solely for convenience of reference. In the event of any discrepancy between this translated document and the Japanese language original, the Japanese language original shall prevail.

Corporate Governance Report

Last Update: December 15, 2021

Internet Initiative Japan Inc.

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https://www.iij.ad.jp/en/

The corporate governance of Internet Initiative Japan Inc. (the "Company") is described below.

I. Basic Policy on Corporate Governance, Capital Structure, Corporate Profile and Other Basic Information

1. Basic Policy

The Company recognizes the importance of enhancing corporate governance to achieve its mission of supporting and operating Internet which has become indispensable social infrastructure and to consistently enhance its corporate value. The Company has social responsibilities towards a wide range of stakeholders including shareholders, vendors, customers, employees and the entire Internet users. Therefore, considering the importance of the Company's influence on society, the Company thinks it's necessary to strive to obtain understandings of various stakeholders.

The Company's Board of Directors consists of 12 directors, including 4 independent outside directors and the Company's Board of Company Auditors consists of 4 company auditors, including 3 independent outside company auditors. Further, the Company has the Internal Auditing Office consisting of 5 members, including a manager. The Company adopted the executive officer system with an aim to further enhance its corporate governance by separating its decision making and supervisory function from business execution function and to realize its rapid and efficient business execution.

Oversight and supervision of business execution is carried by means of ordinary (monthly) and extraordinary meetings of the Board of Directors, management meetings consisting of directors, executive officers, etc., and monitoring and giving the necessary instructions to each of business, project, subsidiary, etc. Oversight on business management and business audit are carried by means of ordinary (monthly) and extraordinary meetings of the Board of Company Auditors, assignment of a financial expert/legal expert in the Board of Company Auditors, conducting continuous audit including domestic subsidiaries as well as overseas by Company Auditors and the Internal Auditing Office, and operation of its whistleblowers hotline system. Business activities by directors and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries are governed by the Code of Ethics, the Basic Rules for Internal Control, etc.

[Reason for Non-compliance with each Principle of the Corporate Governance Code]

The disclosures in this Corporate Governance Report are in accordance with each principle of Japan's Corporate Governance Code (June, 2021 revision). The Company implements each principle of the revised Japan's Corporate Governance Code.

[Disclosure each Principle of the Corporate Governance Code]

[Principle 1.4]

Considering the Company's business strategies, relationships with its business partners, and cost of capital thoroughly, the Company might hold shares of listed companies as strategic shareholdings in some cases if the Company believes such shareholdings enhance its corporate value and bring profit to its shareholder. Regarding strategic shareholdings, the Company sold all shares of two stocks in FY2017 and a part of one stock in FY2019. The Company held four stocks, the fair value of which was \mathbb{8}.31 billion on the balance sheet, as of March 31, 2021. The Company confirms whether the margins generated from ongoing transactions and dividends received, with each investee as strategic shareholding, exceed its cost of capital on an annual basis, and evaluates and decides the propriety of the strategic shareholdings based on historical records and future prospects in business transactions and business contribution in terms of its cost of capital. Regarding the exercise of voting rights for strategic shareholdings, the Company comprehensively reviews management policies and business situations as well as the contents of proposed subjects to be resolved at general meetings of those companies. The Company exercises voting rights from the viewpoint that its voting leads to an improvement of those companies' corporate value in the medium- to long-term.

(Supplemental Principle 1.4.1)

If a shareholder who holds the Company's shares as strategic shareholdings shows an intention of selling, the Company makes an effort to resolve a factor which is thought to be not effective. However, the Company will not make any action to prevent the shareholder's intent to sell our shares, such as reduction of business transaction.

[Supplemental Principle 1.4.2]

The Company does not and will not have a transaction that lacks in economic rationality or harms the benefit of both the Company and its shareholders, with a shareholder who holds our shares as strategic shareholdings.

[Principle 1.7]

Regarding conflict-of-interest transactions with directors, the Company requires an approval from the Board of Directors in compliance with the Companies Act of Japan. Transactions with related parties are annually reported to the Board of Directors.

[Supplemental Principle 2.4.1]

The Company' policies and voluntary and measurable targets for ensuring diversity in core human resources are as follows:

< Ensuring diversity in core human resources etc.>
[Policies for ensuring diversity in core human resources]

As one of the business philosophy, the Company and its group companies ("the Group") sets "We aim to offer meaningful working opportunities for growth through business, in which our staff with diversified talents and values can take a proactive approach to technical innovation and social contribution, and actively demonstrate their abilities with pride and a sense of satisfaction". The Group has hired diverse human resources irrespective of gender, nationality, disability, other personal attributes, and whether they are new graduates or mid-career hires, and the Group has deployed and promoted them based on their ability and performance with respect for various perspectives and values. The Group believes that the continuous pursuit of the above business philosophy will lead to creating new technologies and values.

[Characteristics of human resource structure]

As of March 31, 2021, approximately 70% of the total employees in the Group belonged to in technology and service departments, and most of them were recruited from universities and other educational backgrounds in science and engineering where the ratio of female was low. In addition, the Company was founded in 1992, and in the early days of its business, it had not hired new graduates but mid-career professionals, which resulted in a structural characteristic that the ratios of male employees and mid-career hires are higher in older age groups.

<Regarding voluntary and measurable targets for ensuring diversity in core human resources etc.>
[Female employees]

Due to the above characteristic of human resource structure, the ratio of female managers in the Company was 4.7% as of the end of March 2021. The ratio of female employees hired in recent years has risen to approximately 15%, and the number of female managers has gradually increased as well. Since the Company has been continuously enhancing its systems and work environment to balance work and family life such as childcare, the ratio of female managers is expected to increase organically. The ratio of female managers is estimated to be 6% or more in FY2024 and 8% or more in FY2027, respectively.

[Mid-career hires]

The ratio of mid-career hires in management positions of the Company was approximately 80% as of the end of March 2021, owing partly to the above characteristic of human resource structure. The Group's current basic policy for hiring is to hire and train new graduates as its major human resources with hiring mid-career professionals for immediate business needs, and it will continue to follow this policy. Therefore, the Group expects the ratio of mid-career hires in management positions to decline organically, and it does not set a specific number target.

[Non-Japanese Employees]

In line with the above the Group's business philosophy, the Group continues to hire employees irrespective of nationality, etc. The Group has employed non-Japanese people as Internet-related technical researchers and other positions, but it does not set a specific number target for the ratio of non-Japanese employees since its business is mainly conducted in Japan. The Group has been developing overseas business as part of its business, and it had 90 non-Japanese employees in Japan and other countries, 48 of which were managers as of the end of March 2021.

<Policy for human resource development and internal environments for ensuring diversity such as the promotion to core human resources, the status of such policies>

In line with the above the Group's business philosophy, its human resource development policy is not affected by differences of employees' gender and nationality etc. The Group's basic human resource development is focused on providing employees with a wide range of experiences for them to acquire necessary ability through on-the-job training (OJT) which enables them to be involved in challenges such as adoption of new technologies, services development and operation, and business development. Moreover, this is supplemented by various training programs to support individual growth. As for the training programs, the Group provides a range of training programs regarding the acquisition of business knowledge and the development of leadership and management skills according to employee's years and roles. The Group also provides specific training programs by departments for the purpose of acquiring expertise. In terms of career development, the Group has a career reporting system etc., which supports its employees to play new roles, and to accumulate experience. In addition, the Group conducts an employee awareness survey and stress checks on a regular basis to evaluate and improve its system and operation.

As for working environment, the Group operates a variety of support systems for illness, childcare, and nursing care that enable employees to balance work and family life, including "Childcare and Nursing Care Leave Systems", and "Private Injury and Illness Return Leave System". Employees can also use "Flextime System", "Shift Work System", "Shorter Working Hours System", "Remote Work System", etc. to meet their job characteristics and individual situation.

Regarding the Company's policies etc. for ensuring diversity, please refer to its sustainability website (https://www.iij.ad.jp/sustainability/) and IR website "ESG Initiative" (https://www.iij.ad.jp/ir/esg).

[Principle 2.6]

The Company outsources its corporate pension management to a third party asset management firm. CFO, finance, accounting and human resources divisions thoroughly review and monitor the performance, management policy, operation structure and process of the pension management firm.

[Principle 3.1]

- (i) The Company's business philosophy, business strategies and business plans are disclosed on the Company's website. (https://www.iij.ad.jp/en/ir/policy/philosophy/index.html)
- (ii) Regarding the Company's basic policy and guideline on corporate governance, please see " I .1. Basic Policy" of this report.
- (iii) Regarding the Company's policies and procedures for the Board of Directors to determine remunerations for directors and executive officers, please see "II.1. [Director Remuneration]" of this report.
- (iv) Regarding the Company's policies and procedures for elections of management executives and nomination of candidates for directors and company auditors, please see "II.2. Matters on Functions of Business Execution, Auditing, Oversight, Nomination and Remuneration Decisions (Overview of the Current Corporate Governance System)" of this report.
- (v) The reasons for the election of candidates for directors and company auditors are described on the Convocation Notice of the 29th Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders.

[Supplemental Principle 3.1.3]

The Company has disclosed a basic policy for sustainability, relevant material issues and initiatives on its sustainability website (https://www.iij.ad.jp/sustainability) and IR website "ESG Initiative" (https://www.iij.ad.jp/ir/esg).

The Company has established the following policy for environmental initiatives.

[Policy for environmental initiatives]

In order to continuously realize the Group's business philosophy and to achieve long-term sustainable growth, the Group recognizes the importance of taking initiatives in the reduction of environmental impact on the society as a whole through business activities that comply with environmental laws and regulations and take the global environment into account.

As the first full-scale Internet service provider in Japan, the Company has created the Internet infrastructure in Japan and has been providing Internet connectivity services. It is recognized that social and economic activities are obviously more efficient than they were about 30 years ago with the use of internet-based services and applications. The Group will continue to stably provide highly reliable services that support the networked society such as the Internet and cloud computing services thereby contributing to further improving the efficiency of social activities and reducing the environmental impact on the entire society.

Meanwhile, the use of electricity is essential in providing these services, and the Group recognizes the importance of reducing greenhouse gas emissions by improving energy efficiency and using renewable energy in data centers where a large amount of electricity is consumed. In addition, the Group will make an effort to promote procurement activities that take into consideration the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions throughout the supply chain when procuring equipment and services necessary for the provision of its services from partner companies.

The Company has established the "Sustainability Committee", chaired by the President, to promote these activities as a company-wide initiative, and will implement PDCA activities to reduce the

environmental impact. The Company will disclose sufficient environmental information to its stakeholders.

In light of the purpose of the Corporate Governance Code revised in June 2021, the Company will enhance environmental disclosure based on the TCFD framework etc. in accordance with the above policy.

[Supplemental Principle 4.1.1]

In accordance with the Code of Board of Directors and the Guidelines for the resolution matters by the Board of Directors, matters to be resolved at the Board of Directors and required significant judgment on business management are determined by the Board of Directors in compliance with the Companies Act of Japan and other laws. In addition, management meeting, which includes President, directors and executive officers who are appointed by President, implements smooth, rapid decision-making and supervision on business operations. In order to accelerate decision-making, the Board of Directors elects executive officers who commit on business execution, and delegates an authority to them in accordance with the Code of Administrative Authority

[Principle 4.8]

The Company has 12 directors including 4 independent outside directors.

[Principle 4.9]

In addition to the requirement of outside directors as set forth by the Companies Act of Japan and the standards established by Tokyo Stock Exchange, Inc., the Company sets the 'Standards on the Independence of Outside Directors and Outside Company Auditors' which includes condition on sufficient independence. The Company selects independent outside directors and outside company auditors based on these criteria which are as follows.

(Standards on the Independence of Outside Directors and Outside Company Auditors)

The company deems that outside directors and outside company auditors do not fall under any one of the categories below

- (1) Major shareholders holding voting rights equivalent to 10% or more of the total voting rights of the Company, or in the case of a corporation or organization, an executive of that corporation or organization
- (2) An executive of a major client of the Company or its subsidiaries, or executive of a corporation or organization that deals with the Company or its subsidiaries as a major business partner (*1)
- (3) An executive of a financial institution to which the Company owes significant borrowings (*2)
- (4) A person who receives significant amounts of remuneration or other economic benefit (other than their remuneration as a director or company auditor) as a consultant, accountant, or lawyer for the Company or its subsidiaries, or where a corporation or organization, a person belonging thereto (*3)
- (5) An executive of a corporation or organization that receive significant donations from the Company or its subsidiaries (*4)
- (6) A person who served a corporation or organization falling under any of the categories (1) to (5) above as an executive within the past 3 years
- (7) A spouse or relative within two degrees of kinship of a person falling under any of the categories below
 - A person falling under any of the categories (1) to (5) above
 - A person who is a director or executive of a subsidiary of the Company
- (8) Other than above, a person who is deemed to have a lack of independence by comprehensive consideration of the company

Even if a person fails under any of the conditions from (1) through (8) as stipulated above, any reason for judging that such person still has independence is required to be explained and disclosed when such person is appointed as an independent director or company auditor.

*1 Classification into the category of 'major client of the Company or its subsidiaries' is judged according to the annual sales that the Company or its subsidiaries had with the client in any fiscal year

out of the most recent three fiscal years: whether or not they exceed 2% of the annual sales of the Company or its subsidiaries.

Classification into the category of a 'corporation or organization that deals with the Company or its subsidiaries as a major business partner' is judged according to the annual sales that the corporation or organization had with the Company or its subsidiaries in any fiscal year out of the most recent three fiscal years: whether or not they exceed 2% of the annual sales of the corporation or organization.

- *2 Classification into the category of 'significant borrowings' is judged according to the amount of those borrowings: whether or not they exceed 2% of the gross assets of the Company in any fiscal year out of the most recent three fiscal years.
- *3 Classification into the category of 'significant amounts of remuneration or other economic benefit' is judged according to the benefit that the person has received from the Company or its subsidiaries (other than their remuneration as a director or company auditor) in any fiscal year out of the most recent three fiscal years: whether or not the person has received remuneration or other economic benefit of \pm 10 million or more; or where the person belongs to a corporation or organization, whether or not that corporation or organization has received from the Company or its subsidiaries remuneration or other economic benefit that exceeds 2% of the annual sales of the corporation or organization in any fiscal year out of the most recent three fiscal years or \pm 10 million, whichever is higher.
- *4 Classification into the category of 'significant donations' is judged according to the amount of donations in any fiscal year out of the most recent three fiscal years that have been received from the Company or its subsidiaries: whether or not they exceed ¥10 million a year or 2% of the annual total costs of the corporation or organization, whichever is higher.

[Supplemental Principle 4.10.1]

The Company's "Nomination and Remuneration Committee" is a voluntary committee and consists of two representative directors and four independent outside directors. Matters related to the nomination and remuneration of directors are consulted with the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, which evaluates and verifies their appropriateness before decision-making procedures such as at the General Meeting of Shareholders and the meeting of the Board of Directors. Each member of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee evaluates the suitability of directors through the observation of discussions at the meetings of the Board of Directors, etc.

(Supplemental Principle 4.11.1)

In order to best execute and expand the group business as a whole, regardless of seniority and being internal or external as well as without being caught regards of only gender and internationality, based on the Criteria for Company Directors and Company Auditors Appointment, the Company submits candidates proposals for company directors, with diverse candidates who have knowledge, experience, capability and integrity in each business areas, to the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. After the Committee discusses the proposal, the candidates are selected.

Regarding the selection of company auditors, based on a basic policy, the Company selects candidates who have appropriate experience and capability as well as necessary knowledge in finance, accounting and compliance.

The Company's Board of Directors consists of appropriate members who have extensive experience and high-level expertise necessary for the Company in comparison with the "Director Skill Matrix," which defines clearly requirements for directors in order to realize its business philosophy. Full-time directors are mainly appointed from those who are familiar with the IT industry, including members who have been involved in its foundation, and outside directors are mainly appointed from those who have extensive experience and knowledge as top management of large companies. Regarding the skill matrix of current directors of the Company, please refer to the "Directors' Skill Matrix (Reference Material)".

The Company has been preparing to appoint a female director or directors at the next Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders in June 2022, leading to the further diversity of the Board of Directors.

(Supplemental Principle 4.11.2)

Directors and company auditors who serve concurrently for other listed companies remain in a reasonable range, and their services are noted each year in the Notice of Convocation of General Shareholders' Meeting.

(Supplemental Principle 4.11.3)

With regard to the effectiveness of the Board of Directors, the Company annually conducts a survey on evaluation of the effectiveness of the Board of Directors to all directors and company auditors, organizes and analyzes the results of the survey, and then reports it to the Board of Directors from FY2015. Based on the results of the survey, the Company operates to improve the effectiveness of the Board of Directors as necessary. Regarding the operation of the Board of Directors in FY2020, the system of the Board of Directors including independent directors is established, the information needed for discussion and judgment in the Board of Directors is sufficiently offered, each of the directors states from the various aspects, the operations of the Board of the Directors such as frequency and the operation on the day is appropriately set, and therefore the company recognizes that the effectiveness of the Board of Directors validly functions as a self-evaluation.

[Supplemental Principle 4.14.2]

The Company conducts training programs for new elected directors and company auditors about their duties and responsibilities. The Company provides sufficient opportunities to show their ability in the business areas in charge and supports them to obtain business knowledge at a sufficient level.

[Principle 5.1]

The Company has established policies and organizations to promote constructive dialogues with shareholders which should contribute to its sustainable growth and corporate value improvement in the medium- to long-term as follows:

- (i) Designation of a director in charge of the dialogue with shareholders
 In order to promote the constructive dialogue with shareholders and investors, the Company
 designates CFO as a director responsible to IR activities.
- (ii) Measures to create organic cooperation among the Company's internal departments

 The company has established the "Disclosure Committee" which is mainly consisted of directors, company auditors and executive officers. The "Disclosure Committee" verifies and approves the contents of disclosure documents. In addition, the Company has established the "Disclosure Consideration Preparation Working Group" which CFO is responsible for and consists of internal departments or functions of IR, budget, finance, accounting and legal to control information disclosure process. By having the "Disclosure Committee" and "Disclosure Consideration Preparation Working Group," the Company discloses important information in properly, timely and fairly manner.
- (iii) Efforts to enhance dialogue means other than face-to-face individual interview

 The Company holds several opportunities for analysts and institutional investors such as quarterly results briefings, participation in investor conferences and briefings on non-financial issues including technology theme. The Company also holds opportunities for individual investors such as briefings about the Company from time to time. The Company intends to continue these activities.
- (iv) Measures to share shareholders' opinions and concerns to the management executives Shareholders' and investors' comments and concerns which the Company learns from dialogues are reported to the Company's management executives in a timely manner through various means including periodic internal meetings.
- (v) Measures related to manage insider information
 The Company takes great care of insider trading prevention, including the establishment of the
 "Insider Trading Prevention Rule" that apply to all directors and employees of the Company and its
 subsidiaries. Regarding dialogues with shareholders and investors, the Company has established the

"Disclosure Policy" in accordance with compliance, and engages in appropriate disclosures and provision of information.

2. Capital Structure

Foreign Shareholding Ratio	From 20% to less than 30%
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[Status of Major Shareholders]

Name / Company Name	Number of Shares Owned	Percentage (%)
NIPPON TELEGRAPH AND TELEPHONE CORPORATION	20,190,000	22.36
The Master Trust Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust account)	7,547,200	8.36
Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd. (Trust account)	4,997,200	5.53
NTT Communications Corporation	4,080,000	4.52
ITOCHU Techno-Solutions Corporation	3,904,000	4.32
Koichi Suzuki	3,689,922	4.09
The Dai-ichi Life Insurance Company, Limited (Standing proxy: Custody Bank of Japan, Ltd.)	2,546,000	2.82
KS Holdings Inc.	1,620,000	1.79
MUFG Bank, Ltd.	1,372,000	1.52
Sompo Japan Insurance Inc.	1,300,000	1.44

Controlling Shareholder (except for Parent Company)	_			
Parent Company	None			

Supplementary Information

- (1) The above "Status of Major Shareholders" is based on the list of shareholders as of September 30, 2021.
- (2) As of September 30, 2021, the company held 3,221,667 shares of the company as treasury stock.
- (3) KS Holdings Inc., a wholly owned and controlled by Mr. Koichi Suzuki, is a joint holder of Mr. Koichi Suzuki.
- (4) Dalton Investments L.L.C. ("Dalton") filed a report of substantial shareholding with the Director General of the Kanto Bureau of the Ministry of Finance on April 30, 2020. According to the filing, Dalton owned 1,975,500 shares of common stock of the Company as of April 24, 2020, representing 4.2% of the total at that point. The number of shares mentioned above is the number of shares before the stock split, effective from January 1, 2021. Since then, we have not recognized any filings by Dalton. Their holdings were not verified based on the shareholder record as of March 31, 2021, therefore, Dalton and their holdings are not included in the above list.
- (5) Global Alpha Capital Management Ltd. ("Global Alpha") filed a report of substantial shareholding with the Director General of the Kanto Bureau of the Ministry of Finance on March 1, 2021. According to the filing, Global Alpha owned 4,680,460 shares of common stock of the Company as of February 24, 2021, representing 5.0% of the total at that point. Since then, we have not recognized any filings by Global Alpha. Their holdings were not verified based on the shareholder record as of March 31, 2021, therefore, Global Alpha and their holdings are not included in the above list.

3. Corporate Attributes

Stock Exchange and Market Section	Tokyo Stock Exchange First Section
Fiscal Year-End	End of March
Type of Business	Information & Communication
Number of Employees (consolidated) as of the End of the Previous Fiscal Year	More than 1000
Revenues (consolidated) as of the End of the Previous Fiscal Year	From ¥100 billion to less than ¥1 trillion
Number of Consolidated Subsidiaries as of the End of the Previous Fiscal Year	From 10 to less than 50

4.	Policy on	Measures	to Protect	Minority	Shareholders	in the	event of	Transactions	with	Controlling
Sha	areholder									

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5.	Other Particular Conditions which may have Material Impact on Corporate Governance
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II. Business Management Organization and Other Corporate Governance Systems regarding Decision-making, Execution of Business and Oversight in Management

1. Organizational Composition and Operation

Organizational Form Company with the	e Board of Company Auditors
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[Directors]

Maximum Number of Directors Stipulated in Articles of Incorporation	14 persons
Term of Office Stipulated in Articles of Incorporation	1 year
Chairperson of the Board	Chairman (except for concurrently serving as President)
Number of Directors	12 persons
Election of Outside Directors	Elected
Number of Outside Directors	4 persons
Number of Independent Directors within the Outside Directors	4 persons

Outside Directors' Relationship with the Company (1)

Nome	A ttuileast o	Relationship with the Company*										
Name	Attribute	a	b	с	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k
Shingo Oda	From other company											
Takashi Tsukamoto	From other company					Δ						
Kazuo Tsukuda	From other company								Δ			
Yoichiro Iwama	From other company											

^{*} Selected the relevant "Relationship with the Company"

^{*&}quot;O" indicated the relevant item that the person presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

- "\D" indicated the relevant item that the person fell under the category in the past
- *"O"indicated the relevant item that the person's close family member presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;
- "A"indicated the relevant item that the person's close family member fell under the category in the past
- a. Executive of the Company or its subsidiaries
- b. Executive or Non-executive director of a parent company of the Company
- c. Executive of fellow subsidiaries of the Company
- d. A party whose major client or supplier is the Company or an executive thereof
- e. Major client or supplier of the listed company or an executive thereof
- f. A consultant, accounting expert or legal expert who receives significant remuneration or other assets from the Company other than remuneration as a director/company auditor
- g. Major shareholder of the Company (an executive of the said major shareholder if the shareholder is a legal entity)
- h. Executive of a client or supplier of the Company (does not fall under any of d, e, or f) (the director himself/herself only)
- i. Executive of a company whose outside directors/ company auditors assume the post on a reciprocal basis with the Company appointed (the director himself/herself only)
- j. Executive of a company or organization that receives a donation from the Company (the director himself/herself only)
- k. Other

Outside Directors' Relationship with the Company (2)

Name	Designation as Independent Director	Supplementary Information of the Relationship	Reasons for Election
Shingo Oda			Mr. Shingo Oda served as the President and Representative Director, etc. of Hewlett-Packard Japan, Ltd, and has abundant experience and profound IT-related knowledge as a top management of IT corporation. He also has a high level of knowledge in the field of internal control and governance, etc. He has been appointed as an Independent Outside Director of the Company since June 2008, and has given useful advices to the Company's management based on his abundant experience and profound knowledge of management, and his high level of insight in relation to social responsibility. Accordingly, the Company has judged that, as an Outside Director, he can be expected to provide sufficient advice and supervision in relation to the Company's management generally, from an independent position, and the Company proposes to continue to reappoint him as an Outside Director. Since he satisfies independence criteria, not meeting to any of the requirements stipulated in "the Enforcement Rules for Securities Listing Regulations Article 211, Clause 4.6" or the like, the Company believes that he is qualified as an independent

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			director who is free from the
Takashi Tsukamoto		The Company's current outside member of the Board of Directors, Mr. Tsukamoto, formerly served as an executive of Mizuho Bank, Ltd., which the Company has some borrowings and other ordinary banking transaction with. At the moment, Mr. Tsukamoto is not engaged in any business execution of Mizuho Bank, Ltd. Though Mizuho Bank, Ltd. is one of the major banks for the Company, it should not significantly influence the Company's management decision, the Company has evaluated that Mr. Tsukamoto has sufficient independence.	possibility of conflicts of interest with general shareholders. Mr. Takashi Tsukamoto served as the President and CEO, and Chairman, of Mizuho Bank, Ltd., and has abundant experience and profound finance-related knowledge as a top management of a major Japanese bank. He also has a high level of knowledge in the field of internal control and governance, etc. He has been appointed as an Independent Outside Director of the Company since June 2017, and has given useful advices to the Company's management based on his abundant experience and profound knowledge of management, and his high level of insight in relation to social responsibility. Accordingly, the Company has judged that, as an Outside Director, he can be expected to provide sufficient advice and supervision in relation to the Company's management generally, from an independent position, and the Company proposes to continue to reappoint him as an Outside Director. Since he satisfies independence criteria, not meeting to any of the requirements stipulated in "the Enforcement Rules for Securities Listing Regulations Article 211, Clause 4.6" or the like, the Company believes that he is qualified as an independent director who is free from the possibility of conflicts of interest with general shareholders. Based on his abundant experience and profound knowledge of management, finance and accounting as he served important and accounting as he served important
			and accounting as he served important executive positions in banking business, Mr. Tsukamoto has been elected as an outside director. the Company believes that he will enhance the supervisory functions of appropriate management execution with his high level of expertises.
Kazuo Tsukuda	0	The Company's current outside member of the Board of Directors, Mr. Tsukuda, formerly served as an executive of Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Ltd. A summary of the business transactions between the Company	with his high level of expertise. Mr. Kazuo Tsukuda served as the President and Representative Director, and Chairman of the Board and Representative Director, of Mitsubishi Heavy Industries, Ltd, and has abundant experience and profound knowledge regarding business management as a top management. He also has a high level of knowledge in the field of internal control and

	T		
		and Mitsubishi Heavy	governance, etc. He has been
		Industries, Ltd. has	appointed as an Independent Outside
		been omitted, since the	Director of the Company since June
		Company has evaluated	2020, and has given useful advices to
		that the size and nature	the Company's management based on
		of the business	his abundant experience and profound
		transactions should not	knowledge of management, and his
		influence the judgment	high level of insight in relation to
		of shareholders and	social responsibility. Accordingly, the
		investors.	Company has judged that, as an
		mvestors.	
			Outside Director, he can be expected to
			provide sufficient advice and
			supervision in relation to the
			Company's management generally,
			from an independent position, and the
			Company proposes to continue to
			reappoint him as an Outside Director.
			Since he satisfies independence
			criteria, not meeting to any of the
			requirements stipulated in "the
			Enforcement Rules for Securities
			Listing Regulations Article 211, Clause
			4.6" or the like, the Company believes
			that he is qualified as an independent
			director who is free from the
			possibility of conflicts of interest with
			-
			general shareholders. Mr. Yoichiro Iwama served as the
			President and Representative Director,
			etc. of Tokyo Marine Asset
			Management Co., Ltd., and has
			abundant experience and profound
			knowledge regarding capital markets
			as a top management. He also has a
			high level of knowledge in the field of
			internal control and governance, etc.
			The Company proposes to appoint him
			as an Outside Director in order to
			utilize his business experience as a
Vaiahina Ir			management to provide advice and
Yoichiro Iwama	O	-	supervision with respect to the overall
			management of the Company, from the
			perspective of an Independent Director.
			Since he satisfies independence
			criteria, not meeting to any of the
			requirements stipulated in "the
			Enforcement Rules for Securities
			Listing Regulations Article 211, Clause
			4.6" or the like, the Company believes
			that he is qualified as an independent
			director who is free from the
			possibility of conflicts of interest with
			general shareholders.

Voluntarily Established of Committee(s) Corresponding to Nomination Committee or Remuneration Committee

Established

Status of Voluntary Established Committees, Composition of Committees' members, Attributes of Chairperson

	Committee Corresponding to	Committee Corresponding to
	Nomination Committee	Remuneration Committee
Committee's Name	Nomination and Remuneration	Nomination and Remuneration
	Committee	Committee
All Committee Members	6	6
Full-time Members	0	0
Internal Directors	2	2
Outside Directors	4	4
Outside Experts	0	0
Other	0	0
Chairperson	Internal Director	Internal Director

Supplementary Explanation

The Company voluntarily establishes the Nomination and Remuneration Committee with a purpose to maintain and improve fairness and transparency of decision making of directors' nomination and remuneration.

[Company Auditors]

Establishment of Board of Company Auditors	Established
Maximum Number of Board of Company Auditors Stipulated in Articles of Incorporation	The Company doesn't set a ceiling on the number of company auditors
Number of Board of Company Auditors	4 persons

Cooperation among Company Auditors, Accounting Auditors and Internal Audit Departments

The Board of Company Auditors periodically reviews the quality of services by accounting auditor. Regarding annual audit plans, yearly and quarterly reviews on financial results, annual audit result, independence of accounting auditor and etc., the Board of Company Auditors periodically cooperates with accounting auditor through interviews.

Election of Outside Company Auditor	Elected
Number of Outside Company Auditor	3 persons
Number of Independent Company Auditor within the Outside Company Auditors	3 persons

Outside Company Auditor's Relationship with the Company (1)

Name Attribute –		Relationship with the Company*												
Name	Aurioute	a	b	с	d	e	f	g	h	i	j	k	1	m
Kazuhiro Ohira	From other company										Δ			
Takashi Michishita	Lawyer													
Koichi Uchiyama	CPA										Δ			

^{*} Selected the relevant "Relationship with the Company"

- "A"indicated the relevant item that the person's close family member fell under the category in the past
- a. Executive of the Company or its subsidiary
- b. Non-executive director or accounting advisor of the Company or its subsidiaries
- c. Executive or executive non-executive director of a parent company of the Company
- d. Company Auditor of a parent company of the Company
- e. Executive of fellow subsidiaries of the Company
- f. A party whose major client or supplier is the Company or an executive thereof
- g. Major client or supplier of the Company or an executive thereof
- h. A consultant, accounting expert or legal expert who receives significant remuneration or other assets from the Company other than remuneration as a director/company auditor
- i. Major shareholder of the Company (an executive of the said major shareholder if the shareholder is a legal entity)
- j. Executive of a client or supplier of the Company (does not fall under any of f, g, or h) (the company auditor himself/herself only)
- k. Executive of a company whose outside directors/company auditors assume the post on a reciprocal basis with the Company appointed (the company auditor himself/herself only)
- 1. Executive of a company or organization that receives a donation from the Company (the company auditor himself/herself only)
- m. Other

^{*&}quot;O" indicated the relevant item that the person presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

[&]quot;\D" indicated the relevant item that the person fell under the category in the past

^{*&}quot;O"indicated the relevant item that the person's close family member presently falls or has recently fallen under the category;

Name	Designation as Independent Company Auditor	Supplementary Information of the Relationship	Reasons for Election
Kazuhiro Ohira	0	The Company's current outside member of the Board of Company Auditors, Mr. Ohira, formerly served as a manager of Dai-Ichi Life Insurance Company, Ltd. A summary of the business transactions between the Company and Dai-Ichi Life Insurance Company, Ltd has been omitted, since the Company has evaluated that the size and nature of the business transactions should not influence the judgment of shareholders and investors.	Based on his profound knowledge of business administration and internal control, Mr. Ohira has been elected as an outside company auditor. The company believes that he will supervise executions of directors' duty with his high level of expertise. Since he satisfies independence criteria, not meeting to any of the requirements stipulated in "the Enforcement Rules for Securities Listing Regulations Article 211, Clause 4.6" or the like, the Company believes that he is qualified as an independent company auditor who is free from the possibility of conflicts of interest with general shareholders.
Takashi Michishita	0	-	Based on his long experienced professional career and knowledge as a lawyer, Mr. Michishita has been elected as an outside company auditor. The Company believes that he will supervise executions of directors' duty with his high level of expertise and objective and neutral perspective. Since he satisfies independence criteria, not meeting to any of the requirements stipulated in "the Enforcement Rules for Securities Listing Regulations Article 211, Clause 4.6" or the like, the Company believes that he is qualified as an independent company auditor who is free from the possibility of conflicts of interest with general shareholders.
Koichi Uchiyama	0	The company's current outside member of the Board of Company Auditors, Mr. Uchiyama, formerly served as a manager of Deloitte Touche Tohmatsu LLC. A summary of the business transactions between the Company and Deloitte Touche	Based on his long experienced professional career and financial expertise as a certified public accountant, Mr. Uchiyama has been elected as an outside company auditor. The Company believes that he will supervise executions of directors' duty with his high level of expertise and objective and neutral perspective. Since he satisfies independence criteria, not meeting to any of the requirements stipulated in "the Enforcement Rules for

	Tohmatsu LLC. has	Securities Listing Regulations Article
	been omitted, since the	211, Clause 4.6" or the like, the
	Company has evaluated	Company believes that he is qualified as
	that the size and nature	an independent company auditor who is
	of the business	free from the possibility of conflicts of
	transactions should not	interest with general shareholders.
	influence the judgment	
	of shareholders and	
	investors.	

[Independent Directors/Company Auditors]

Number of Independent Directors/Company Auditors 7 persons
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Other Matters relating to Independent Directors and Company Auditors

All of the outside directors and company auditors that are qualified as independent directors or company auditors have been designated as independent directors or company auditors.

[Incentives]

Implementation of Measures on Incentive Allotment for	Performance-linked Remuneration, Stock
Directors	Options

Supplementary Information

The Company has allocated stock compensation-type stock options, as a substitution for the retirement allowance, to company directors (except for part-time and outside directors) and executive officers from June 2011, for the purpose of providing a mid- to long-term incentives to them and further promoting sharing of value with shareholders. The Company allocates stock acquisition rights as stock linked compensation-type stock options that are generally equivalent to one to two months of basic monthly remuneration for each director.

The Company has implemented to provide restricted stock remuneration to company directors (except for part-time and outside directors) and executive officers as performance-linked bonuses from June 2020, for the purpose of providing a mid- to long-term incentives to them and further promoting sharing of value with shareholders. The total number of shares of common stock issued or disposed of by the Company shall be 80,000 shares or less per year and transfer restriction period shall be from the disposal date to the point in time when the company directors or the executive officers resigns from their positions both a director and an executive officer of the Company. The amount of restricted stock remuneration to be allocated is calculated based on the evaluation methodology using the consolidated financial results and targets; revenues and operating profit, and is determined equivalent to between zero and four times as much as their respective monthly fixed cash remuneration. As for FY2020, the Company decided to provide the restricted stock remuneration, which is equivalent to 3 times as much as their respective monthly fixed cash remuneration, in consideration of the consolidated financial results; revenues of ¥213 billion and operating profit of ¥14.2 billion, compared to the consolidated financial targets; revenues of ¥210 billion and operating profit of ¥8.7 billion.

Person eligible for Stock Options	Directors (Inside), other

Supplementary Information

According to the purpose of the above-mentioned stock compensation-type stock options, directors and executive officers (except for part-time and outside directors) are qualified. The Board of Directors resolves the number of each allotment in consideration of their responsibilities and contributions to financial results.

[Director Remuneration]

Disclosure of Individual Directors' Remuneration

Remuneration of a specific individual disclosed

Supplementary Information

For FY2020, the total remuneration amount of 14 directors was ¥353 million (including ¥24 million paid to 6 outside directors), and the total remuneration amount of 5 company auditors was ¥33 million (including ¥18 million paid to 4 outside company auditors).

The total remuneration amount included as follows:

(i) Performance linked remuneration (restricted stock): ¥30 million

(Note) The amount of restricted stock stated in the above represents the amount of expenses recognized in FY2020.

(ii) Non-monetary remuneration (stock compensation-type stock options): ¥35 million

The director who received a total annual remuneration of \(\frac{\pm}{100}\) million or more is Eijiro Katsu, and the total annual amount of his remuneration was \(\frac{\pm}{120}\) million (fixed cash remuneration of \(\frac{\pm}{85}\) million, stock options of \(\frac{\pm}{14}\) million, and restricted stock remuneration of \(\frac{\pm}{21}\) million as performance-linked bonuses for \(\frac{\pm}{12020}\)). Within these, the payment of restricted stock remuneration was resolved at the meeting of the Board of Directors held on May 26, 2021. As for the restricted stock remuneration granted to him prior to \(\frac{\pm}{12020}\), the expenses recognized for \(\frac{\pm}{12020}\) was \(\frac{\pm}{11}\) million.

Policy on Determining Remuneration Amounts and Calculation Methods	Established

Disclosure of Policy on Determining Remuneration Amounts and Calculation Methods

- i) Policy for determining content of remuneration for individual directors
- a) Method for deciding on the policy for such determination
 - After consulting with the Nomination and Remuneration Committee on the draft of the determination policy regarding the content of remuneration for individual directors, the determination policy was resolved at the board of directors meeting held on February 4, 2021.
 - b) Outline of content of determination policy
 - As for the remuneration of the Company's full time directors, when determining the remuneration of individual directors, its basic policy is to set an appropriate level of remuneration according to each directors' position and responsibility, with promoting directors' motivation and morale to further improve and contribute to continuous business growth and corporate value over a mid to long term. The remuneration of full time executive directors is comprised of fixed monthly remuneration (cash), performance linked remuneration (restricted stock) and non-monetary remuneration (stock remuneration type stock options).
 - As for the remuneration of part time directors or outside directors who have supervisory functions, the remuneration is only comprised of fixed monthly remuneration (cash), based on their roles and responsibilities.
 - c) Reason why the board of directors has determined that content of remuneration for individual directors for FY2020 complies with the determination policy
 - When deciding the content of remuneration for individual directors, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee conducted a multifaceted examination of the draft, including consistency with the determination policy, therefore the board of directors recognize that it is in line with the policy.
- ii) Matters concerning the resolutions of ordinary general meeting of shareholders regarding remuneration of directors and company auditors
 - At the 16th ordinary general meeting of shareholders held on June 27, 2008, it was approved that the upper limits of the maximum aggregate amount of remuneration for directors and company auditors were at ¥500 million or less per year and ¥100 million or less per year respectively. The number of directors and company auditors were 14 and four at the shareholders' meeting resolution, respectively.

- At the 19th ordinary general meeting of shareholders held on June 28, 2011, the implementation of stock compensation-type stock options to directors (except for part time and outside directors) within the said limit, as a substitution for the retirement allowance, was approved. The number of directors was 12 at the shareholders' meeting resolution
- At the 28th ordinary general meeting of shareholders held on June 24, 2020, the implementation of restricted stock remuneration to directors (except for part time and outside directors) within the said limit was approved. The number of directors was 13 at the shareholders' meeting resolution.
- At the 29th ordinary general meeting of shareholders held on June 29, 2021, it was resolved that the maximum amount of remuneration for Directors shall be ¥600 million or less per year, including the maximum aggregate amount of ¥50 million or less per year for Outside Directors. The number of directors was 12 at the shareholders' meeting resolution
- Delegation of authority to determine remuneration for individual directors

 Regarding the amount of remuneration for each individual director, the representative directors (the chairman and representative director, Koichi Suzuki and the president and representative director, Eijiro Katsu) shall be delegated the specific content based on the resolution of the board of directors, and the delegated power is the determination of the amount of basic monthly remuneration and distribution of performance-linked remuneration of each individual director. In order to ensure that this authority is properly exercised by the representative directors, the representative directors, who drafted the remuneration plan, consults the Nomination and Remuneration Committee with the draft of the plan, therefore the board of directors recognize that it is in line with the determination policy. The reason for delegating to the representative directors is that the representative directors are the most suitable to evaluate the responsibility and performance of each director while taking a bird's eye view of the overall
- iv) Contents of performance-linked remuneration

 As a performance-linked remuneration, the amount of restricted stock remuneration to be allocated is based on the evaluation methodology using year over year growth rate and target achievement rate of the consolidated revenue and operating income, which are linked with business growth and improvement of corporate value, and is determined equivalent to between zero and four times as much as each directors' monthly fixed cash remuneration. Each director receives the determined amount of monetary remuneration claims as a cash investment asset for the payment of restricted stock.
- v) Contents of non-monetary remuneration

 As a substitute for the abolition of retirement benefits for directors, the Company allocates stock acquisition rights as stock linked compensation-type stock options that are generally equivalent to one to two months of basic monthly remuneration for each director.

[Supporting System for Outside Directors and/or Company Auditors]

performance of the Company.

Full-time directors and company auditors in charge make a contact, etc. to outside directors and outside company auditors. Prior to a meeting of the Board of Directors, the materials for the meeting are dispatched to outside directors and outside company auditors.

2. Matters on Functions of Business Execution, Auditing, Oversight, Nomination and Remuneration Decisions (Overview of the Current Corporate Governance System)

[Overviews of business execution system, auditing and supervision system and reasons for adopting the systems]

Based on the annual business plan, which is formulated according to the corporate philosophy and annually approved by the Board of Directors, executive directors, executive officers and business execution organizations prompt the business to achieve the goals.

Oversight and supervision of business execution is carried by means of ordinary (monthly) and extraordinary meetings of the Board of Directors, management meetings consisting of directors, executive officers, etc., and monitoring and giving the necessary instructions to each of its business, project, subsidiary, etc. Oversight on business management and business audit are carried by means of ordinary (monthly) and extraordinary meetings of the Board of Company Auditors, assignment of a financial expert/legal expert in the Board of Company Auditors, conducting continuous audit including its domestic subsidiaries as well as overseas by Company Auditors and the Internal Auditing Office, and operation of whistleblowers hotline system. Business activities by directors and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries are governed by the Code of Ethics, the Basic Rules for Internal Control, etc.

The Company has outside directors and outside company auditors with the aim of ensuring appropriateness and transparency of business executions and enhancing the supervisory functions of management. The Company's Board of Directors consists of 12 directors, including 4 independent outside directors and the Company's the Board of Company Auditors consists of 4 company auditors, including 3 independent outside company auditors. With emphasis on high degree of independence, abundant experience and profound knowledge of management or telecommunication industry, outside directors are elected. With emphasis on high degree of expertise and independence, outside company auditors are elected, including an attorney from a Japanese law firm and a certified public accountant. Further, the Company has an Internal Auditing Office consisting of 5 members.

Regarding statutory disclosure and timely disclosure, the Company has established the Disclosure Committee, which consists of directors, company auditors and executive officers. The Company discloses information after the appropriateness and completeness of the information is verified by the Disclosure Committee.

Regarding risk assessment, the Company establishes the committee organizations for each risk area as needed, and identifies the risk, assesses the identified risk and takes measures against the risk.

[Appointment and determination of remuneration, etc.]

Regarding nomination of candidates for company directors and company auditors, the representative directors submit nomination proposals, which are based on the internal criteria to the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. Through discussions at the committee, the proposals are resolved by the Board of Directors which submits to the General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company.

Regarding the dismissal of the Board of Directors, after the Nomination and Remuneration Committee takes violation of laws and/or the Articles of Incorporation in business execution, mental and physical well-being as well as accountability of business performance into consideration and through discussion, the Board of Directors resolves and submits to the General Meeting of Shareholders of the Company.

Regarding remuneration for Company Directors and Auditors, please see II .1. [Director Remuneration] "of this report.

3. Reasons for Adoption of the Current Corporate Governance System

The Company is a company with the Board of Company Auditors and elects outside directors. Outside directors elected have abundant experience and profound knowledge, and therefore the Company's supervisory function on management execution has been enhanced. Within the Board of Company Auditors members, an attorney and a certified public accountant have been elected, therefore the company's supervisory functions on execution of duties by directors has been enhanced.

III. Implementation of Measures for Shareholders and Other Stakeholders

1. Measures to Vitalize the General Shareholder Meetings and Smooth Exercise of Voting Rights

	Supplementary Information
Early Distribution of General Shareholder Meeting	In connection with the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on June 29, 2021, the Convocation notice was disclosed on the Company's website on June 1, 2021 and sent on June 7, 2021.
Allowing Exercise of Voting Rights by electronic means	Since the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders held on June, 2006, the Company has allowed shareholders to exercise voting rights on the Internet.
Participation in Electronic Voting Platform and Other Measures to Improve the Environment for Institutional Investors to Exercise their Voting Rights	The Company will enable shareholders to use the Electronic Voting System Platform operated by ICJ Inc. from the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders to be held in June 2022.
Providing Convocation Notice in English	The Company provides the Convocation notices in English simultaneously with the Japanese document.
Other	The Convocation notice both in Japanese and English is disclosed on the Company's website.

2. IR Activities

	Supplementary Information	Explanation by representative
Preparation and Publication of Disclosure Policy	The Disclosure Policy, which is corresponding to the Japanese Fair Disclosure Rule, has been established and disclosed.	-
Regular Investor Briefings for Individual Investors	The Company holds IR meetings several times for individual investors in a year.	Yes
Regular Investor Briefings for Analysts and Institutional Investors	The Company holds investor briefings in principle for analysts and institutional investors after announcement of its financial results each quarter. Also, the Company participates in IR conferences several times a year which are held by securities companies.	Yes
Regular Investor Briefings for Foreign Investors	The Company holds investor briefings (IR Roadshow) for foreign institutional investors several times a year. Also, the Company participates in IR conferences several times a year, which are mainly held by foreign securities companies.	Yes
Disclosing of IR Materials on Website	Quarterly financial results (<i>shihanki-houkokusyo</i>), annual report (<i>yuka-shoken-houkokusyo</i>), newsletters to shareholders' (<i>Kabunushi Tsushin</i>), IR schedule such as earnings announcement, news release, management message and company information are disclosed on the Company's website (https://www.iij.ad.jp/en/).	-
Department and Manager in Charge of IR	The department in charge of IR activities is Financial Department which is under Finance Division. The officer in charge of IR activities is Mr. Akihisa Watai, a senior managing director and CFO.	-

3. Measures to Ensure Due Respect for Stakeholders

	Supplementary Information					
Stipulation of Internal Rules for Respecting the Position of Stakeholders	The Code of Ethics defines that officers and employees to recognize their social responsibility towards wide range of stakeholders. Officers and employees are required to make great effort to obtain understanding of stakeholders.					
Implementation of Environmental Activities, CSR Activities, etc.	For more information about the Company's policies, etc. on sustainability, please refer to its sustainability website (https://www.iij.ad.jp/sustainability/) and IR website "ESG Initiatives (https://www.iij.ad.jp/ir/esg/)".					
Development of Policies on Information Provision to Stakeholders	The Disclosure Policy, which is corresponding to the Japanese Fair Disclosure Rule, has been established and disclosed.					

IV. Matters Related to the Internal Control System

1. Basic Policy on Internal Control System and the Progress of System Development

The Company's basic policy on its internal control system is as follows and the Company prepares its internal control based on the following.

1) Basic policy

The Company builds the internal control system in accordance with the basic framework ("the framework") set forth in "On the Revision of the Standards and Practice Standards for Management Assessment and Audit concerning Internal Control Over Financial Reporting (Council Opinions)" issued by the Business Accounting Council for (1) Effectiveness and efficiency of business operations, (2) Reliability of financial reporting (3) Compliance with applicable laws and regulations relevant to business activities, and (4) Safeguarding of assets.

Based on the framework, the Company defines the main elements to build the internal control system as follows.

- (1) Control environment
- (2) Risk assessment and response
- (3) Control activities
- (4) Information and communication
- (5) Monitoring (Monitoring Activities)
- (6) Response to IT (Information Technology) (Communicating Information)

Based on the framework, the Company executes various measures to create internal control system and seeks to improve the system continuously.

2) Matters under the Companies Act of Japan

The basic policy, to ensure the propriety of business operations within the corporate group consisting of the Company and its subsidiaries, is established in accordance with Article 362 paragraph 5 of the Companies Act of Japan, and is a part of internal control based on the framework. The details are followed.

- 1. Systems for ensuring the compliance of directors and employees with the law and articles of incorporation in the execution of their duties.
 - (1) The Company will establish a code of ethics that sets for a standard of conduct and requires strict adherence to the law. In addition, the Company will establish regulations for applying the laws regarding the prevention of insider trading, the protection of personal information, and among others. The company will disseminate those regulations to officers and employees, and conduct periodic education.

- (2) The Company will establish a system for appointing the necessary personnel to ensure compliance with the law, and for consulting with lawyers and other experts outside the Company.
- (3) The Company will establish an internal reporting system for reporting any legal violations, and will maintain an internal notification system that enables people to contact the Board of Company Auditors while protecting the person reporting.
- (4) An Office of Internal Audits under the direct control of the President will conduct internal audits on a regular basis, indicating where each division could improve compliance with the law, and overseeing the improvements.
- (5) For legally required reports, ad hoc reports, and other types of releases, the Company will establish a Disclosure Committee whose members consist of directors, outside directors, executive officers and company auditors, who will evaluate the content for appropriateness and completeness, and approve any material to be released.
- 2. Systems for preserving and managing information related to the execution of duties by directors.
 - (1) Basic policy and procedures regarding the handling of information assets will be set and followed in the handling of information and documents related to the execution of duties by directors ("performance information"), these policies and procedures will detail who is responsible for managing the information, how long the information is to be stored, how it is to be stored, measures for countering loss or leakage of the information, and proper management of the information. The management of this information will be reviewed on a regular basis.
 - (2) The Company will create a system that ensures the proper filing of performance information (committing it to electronic storage when necessary), and that enables the quick verification of the existence, condition, and content of these documents. In addition, the system will allow people with the proper authority to view documents related to the company auditors and others without delay.
 - (3) The duties related to the above fall under the jurisdiction of a director or an executive officer in charge of information security and a director or an executive officer in charge of document management of the Company.
- 3. Regulations governing risk management and other systems.
 - (1) The director (or executive officers) that oversee the operation of each division will identify the risks defined by the governing regulations, evaluate these risks, and develop measures to counter these risks, as well as review them on a regular basis.
 - (2) For certain risk categories, the "Evaluation Committee" will be established to evaluate the risk and to develop countermeasures.
 - (3) A Business Continuity Plan will be developed to address potential emergency situations.
 - (4) The Internal Auditing Office under the direct control of the President will conduct internal audits on a regular basis, indicating where each division could improve operations, including risk management, and overseeing the improvements.
- 4. Systems for ensuring the efficient execution of duties by directors.
 - (1) A business plan for each fiscal year will be formulated in line with management objectives, and each business organization will actively seek to achieve the goals put forth in the plan. In addition, regular progress reports will be submitted and reviewed to monitor progress on each target.
 - (2) As for management of operations, all issues that should be decided by the Board of Directors in accordance with the Regulations of the Board of Directors will be strictly decided by the Board, and as a basic rule of the decision-making process, sufficient documentation on the issue to be decided will be distributed to all Board members in advance.
 - (3) In the execution of daily duties, authority will be delegated based on the scope of authority regulations and division of duties regulations, and managers at each level will execute their duties while complying with the rules of the decision making process.
 - (4) To reinforce the Board of Directors' authority, a certain number of people with notable management acumen will be appointed as outside directors.
- 5. Systems for ensuring the proper operation of corporate groups consisting of the Company and its subsidiaries.
 - (1) Subsidiaries will be managed based on the subsidiary management regulations, which are the basic policy of subsidiary management, and an agreement will be made with the parent company regarding the management of the subsidiary.

- (2) Subsidiaries will report on required items, and a system for consultation will be established.
- (3) To impose internal control on important items, regulations governing the entire corporate group will be established, and subsidiaries will be required to comply with them.
- (4) The Company's Internal Auditing Office will perform internal audits of subsidiaries.
- 6. Providing employee to assist company auditors, securing those employees' independence from directors and effectiveness of company auditors' instruction to those employees.
 - (1) The Company establishes the Internal Auditing Office under direct control of President and assigns to the Office as the full-time basis. These employees work closely with the company auditors to reflect their opinions on the Company's internal audit plan.
 - (2) The selection, appointment, and transfer of employee assigned to the Internal Auditing Office should be conducted with full consideration of the opinions from the Board of Company Auditors.
 - (3) Other than above, it will be consulted and decided with the Board of Company Auditors as for assignment of employees who assist the company auditors and arrangement to ensure effectiveness of the company auditors' instruction to these employees.
- 7. Systems that directors and employees of the Company and its subsidiaries make a report to the company auditors, and systems preventing the person who makes report to the company auditor from being disadvantageously treated due to such report.
 - (1) In accordance with the provisions of the Board of Company Auditors, Directors and employees will report and provide information upon or periodically upon the company auditor's request.
 - (2) Company auditors will be a member of panel such as Disclosure Committee that makes the important decision-making.
 - (3) The Board of Company Auditors is a liaison for the Whistle-blower System of the Company and the Whistle-blower System is applied for the Company and its subsidiaries. Whistle-blower will be safely protected and kept secret, and it is prohibited that the Company disadvantageously treats that person whether the whistleblowing is anonymous or not.
- 8. Policies on prepaid expenses for the execution of the duties of the company auditors, on expenses for procedures for repayment and execution of other relevant duties, or on debt processing. The Company will establish budget for the Board of Company Auditors for the execution of their duties every year, and will listen to Company auditors' opinion.
- 9. Other systems for ensuring effective company auditors' audits
 - (1) In order to ensure that the Board of Company Auditors can properly execute their duties, the necessary external experts will be retained.
 - (2) To preserve the independence of the accounting auditors, the Company and its subsidiaries are not allowed to receive the accounting auditors' services which could possibly harm their independence (including the person related the accounting auditors) as well as takes appropriate measures to obtain consent to the accounting auditors remuneration and others by the Board of Company Auditors in an appropriate manner.
 - (3) The Company makes an effort to appoint a financial expert/legal expert for Company Auditors.

2. Basic Views on Eliminating Anti-Social Forces

Towards the elimination of Anti-Social Forces, the Company has followings as basic policies, provisions to that effect to the Code of Ethics and disseminates that.

- (1) Do not respond to undue claims.
- (2) Do legal responses of civil and criminal in the event of emergencies.
- (3) Do not provide any funds and information to Anti-Social Forces.

The Company's Compliance Division is a corresponding department to oversee anti-social forces and cooperates with external organizations such as law enforcement and the Company's attorney.

V. Other

1. Adoption of Anti-Takeover Measures

Adoption of Anti-Takeover Measures	Not Adopted					
Supplementary Information						
-						

2. Other Matters Concerning to Corporate Governance System

As the company is listed on the Tokyo Stock Exchange, the company implements internal control and discloses in accordance with the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law of Japan. Further, based on the Financial Instruments and Exchange Law, the Company and its subsidiaries have received the internal control audit by the accounting auditor, regarding the construction and the evaluation of the internal control related to making of the consolidated financial statements.

[The Company's structure regarding timely disclosure of the Company's information]

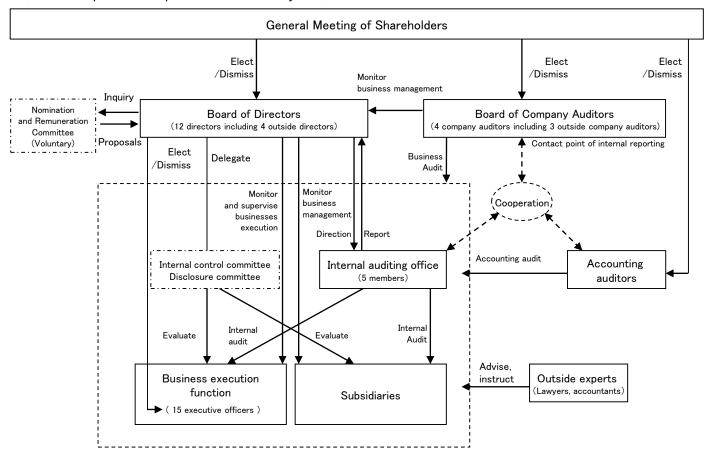
The Company has established the Code of Information Disclosure and the Disclosure Committee on the basis of that code in order to disclose in properly, timely and fairly manner. The Disclosure Committee consists of Chairman, President, CFO, directors, executive officers and company auditors. The Disclosure Committee has verified the appropriateness and completeness of the disclosure contents, and approved the disclosure. Further, the Disclosure Committee has received reports of disclosure system and guidelines, etc. from the information disclosure officer, and performed the control evaluation.

Disclosure procedure is as follows.

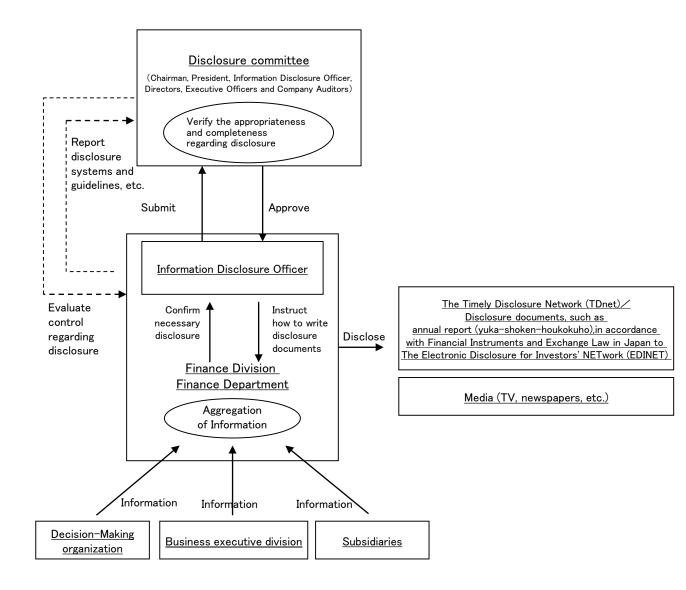
- (1) Collection of information and decision of disclosure
 - The information from the decision-making organization, executive divisions and subsidiaries, etc., is aggregated in Finance Division. Finance Department under Finance Division confirms whether the information is required to disclose, collects the information and submits the collected information to the information disclosure officer. The information disclosure officer decides whether to disclose.
- (2) Creating disclosure wordings and submitting to the Disclosure Committee

 The Company appoints the information disclosure officer as the operating officer of the Disclosure
 Committee. Finance Department under Finance Division creates disclosure wordings promptly.

 The disclosure wordings are submitted to the Disclosure Committee who verifies the
 appropriateness and completeness of the disclosure contents. Further, the Disclosure Committee
 verifies whether that the disclosure has been made comprehensively.
- (3) Disclosure guidelines
 - The information is disclosed by the "Timely Disclosure network (TDnet)" on the Tokyo Stock Exchange, the press and the Company's website. These materials are disclosed in Japanese and English.



<Outline of Timely Disclosure System (diagram) >



(Directors' Skill Matrix (Reference Material) "Policy for Appointment of Directors"

The Company's Board of Directors consists of appropriate members who have extensive experience and high-level expertise necessary for the Company in accordance with the "Directors' Skill Matrix" which defines clearly requirements for directors in order to realize its business philosophy. Full-time directors are mainly appointed from those who are familiar with the IT industry, including members who have been involved in its foundation, and outside directors are mainly appointed from those who have extensive experience and knowledge as top management of large companies. The nomination of each director, which takes into consideration the balance of experience and expertise of the Board of Directors as a whole, is consulted with the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. After the committee evaluates and verifies their appropriateness, each director is appointed through necessary procedures such as the General Shareholders' Meeting and the Board of Directors.

"Definition of required skills"

Skills	Requirements
Top Management	Management experience as top management
IT Expertise	Business experience in the IT industry
Sales	Management experience in sales division
Technology, R&D	Management experience in technology division, Experience of developing new technologies and services, etc.
Global	Management experience in global businesses, Working abroad experience
Finance and Accounting	Expertise and experience in finance and accounting division
Governance	Management experience in corporate division, Experience of independent director, etc.

Technology,

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Finance and

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Name

Takashi Tsukamto

Kazuo Tsukuda

Yoichiro Iwama

Director Director

Director

"Directors' Skill Matrix"

Name	Position / Responsibility	Independent Director	Top Management	IT Expertise	Sales	Technology, R&D	Global	Finance and Accounting	Governance
Koichi Suzuki	Chairman and Representative Director, Co-CEO		0	0		0	0		0
Eijiro Katsu	President and Representative Director, Co-CEO & COO		0	0			0		0
Satoshi Murabayashi	Executive vice president and director		0	0		0			0
Koichi Kitamura	Senior Managing Director Business Unit Director			0	0		0		
Akihisa Watai	Senior Managing Director, CFO			0			0	0	0
Tadashi Kawashima	Managing Director Deputy Unit Director of Business Unit		0	0	0				
Junichi Shimagami	Managing Director, CTO			0		0			
Naoshi Yoneyama	Managing Director, CIO Division Director of Corporate Planning Division			0		0			0
Shingo Oda	Director	•	0	0	0				0

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Independent